

# Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2025

Registered Company no: 11240880



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### **Corporate Information**

The Chair of the Board Brendan Whitworth (appointed 12 February 2025)

No elected Chair of the Board from 16 December 2024 to 11

February 2025

Clive Barnett (resigned 16 December 2024)

**The Board of Directors** Angie Morris (resigned 16 December 2024)

Chris Tyson (resigned 12 February 2025)
Damien Régent (resigned 12 February 2025)

Mona Shah (appointed 12 February 2025, resigned 2 May

2025)

Rob Griffiths (resigned 12 February 2025, re-appointed 2 May

2025)

**Tony Oakley** 

Company Secretary Suzanne Maguire (appointed 12 February 2025, resigned 22

August 2025)

Rob Griffiths (resigned 12 February 2025, re-appointed 22

August 2025)

Registered Office K2 Timbold Drive

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**External Auditor** Beever and Struthers

One Express

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Manchester M4 5DL

Bankers Lloyds Bank Plc

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London EC2V 7HN

Solicitors Winckworth Sherwood LLP

Arbor

255 Blackfriars Rd

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### **Strategic Report**

The Directors are pleased to present the strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2025.

### **Principal activities**

Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc was incorporated on 7 March 2018 and commenced trading on 15 May 2018. The Company's principal activity is to raise private finance for Amplius Living ('Amplius') and its subsidiaries.

#### Review of the business

The principal activity of Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc ('the Company') is to provide finance to support the development programme of Amplius.

On 16 December 2024, Longhurst Group and Grand Union Housing Group ('Grand Union') merged via a Transfer of Engagements of Longhurst Group to Grand Union. At the same date, the trading name of Grand Union was changed to Amplius Living. The Company is now a subsidiary of Amplius.

The Company's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025 comprised of interest received from Amplius and its subsidiaries. Operating costs incurred by the Company were primarily in respect of interest payments made on the bonds.

Covenants are measured on the financial performance of the borrowers, under each loan agreement, on a group consolidated basis, as defined within the individual loan agreements. These include interest cover, gearing and asset cover.

The Company's activities are limited to the raising of private finance for Amplius and its subsidiaries. The Company does not employ any staff, with all administration functions undertaken by Amplius. As a result, there is no significant information to report regarding environmental matters, employees or social and community issues.

### **Bond issues**

On 15 May 2018, the Company issued a listed bond for £150m at an all-in rate of 3.347% and a 2043 maturity. The proceeds from the issue were subsequently on-lent to Longhurst & Havelok Homes Limited, Spire Homes (LG) Limited and Axiom Housing Association Limited each a former subsidiary of Longhurst Group as original borrowers.

In 2020, the Company issued £100m of retained listed bonds at an all-in rate of 2.334% and a 2043 maturity. The proceeds from the bond issue were subsequently on-lent to Longhurst Group.

During 2021 the Company issued and retained a further £100m, entering into a forward purchase agreement in August 2021 to sell the bonds over three intervals. Bond sales totalling £100m completed on 4 April 2022, 30 August 2022 and 3 April 2023, all with 2043 maturities.

The 2043 bond issues held within Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc total £350m.

The bonds are secured by specific charges to the borrower's housing properties with M&G Trustee Company Limited acting as Security Trustee for each beneficiary.

### **Political donations**

The Company made no political donations during the year.



### **Strategic Report (continued)**

### **Future developments**

The Company was set up as a funding vehicle to secure and manage future funding requirements for Amplius and its subsidiaries. It is anticipated that the Company will continue to be part of Amplius' medium to long term funding strategy.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

All the proceeds received from capital market transactions are immediately on-lent by the Company to Amplius. The key risks facing the Company are dependent on the trading position of Amplius and its ability to repay the long term debt.

As published by Moody's on 17 February 2025, in their periodic credit rating review, Amplius' unchanged A3 stable rating is reflective of its operating margin, social housing lettings interest coverage ratios, and strong liquidity metrics. The publication also acknowledges that Amplius' substantial development programme will keep its gearing at higher levels than peers. Amplius also benefits from the strong regulatory framework governing English housing associations, and the Moody's assessment that there is a strong likelihood that the UK government would act in a timely manner to prevent a default.

Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc is an integral part of the Amplius structure and funding strategy. Amplius has a long-term business plan which shows that it is able to service these debt facilities, whilst continuing to comply with lenders' covenants, and the Directors have a reasonable expectation that these will be funded by Amplius over the going concern period.

### Summary of key performance indicators

The Board of Directors (the Board) monitors the progress of the overall strategy and the individual strategic elements by reference to key performance indicators.

The Board monitors that the Company fulfils its obligations under the bond trust deeds which in turn ensures it is compliant with the listing rules, its commitments to bond investors and its obligations under the bond agreements.

The Company is primarily a conduit for accessing the debt capital markets. Therefore, the Board monitors the availability of cashflows to and from Amplius as the financial key performance indicators.

During the financial year all cash flows were readily available to and from Amplius and therefore showed favourable performance against this objective.

The Board monitors the existing property security and on-going availability of security to service future borrowing. During the financial year encumbered property security meets the relevant asset cover ratios. Sufficient unencumbered properties are available to service future debt requirements.

#### Section 172 statement

The Company was formed for the sole purpose of raising debt finance for Amplius and its subsidiaries. It is a wholly owned subsidiary and does not have any employees. In discharging their duties, the Directors have considered the impact of the Company's operations on the environment and the wider community. The Company's approach to working with key stakeholders and the community is consistent with those of Amplius. Given the purpose of the Company, the relevant stakeholder groups are therefore the investors in the listed debt and Amplius as the parent entity and borrower.

The Board of Amplius and Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc consider, both individually and together, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of those stakeholders, and in doing so have regard (amongst other matters) to:

- the likely consequences of any decision in the long term;
- the need to foster business relationships with suppliers, customers and others; and
- the desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct.



### **Strategic Report (continued)**

As the Board of Directors, our intention is to behave responsibly and ensure that management operate the business in a responsible manner, operating within the high standards of business conduct and good governance expected for a business such as ours. The intention is to nurture our reputation, through both the construction and delivery of our plan, which reflects our responsible behaviour.

The Board considers the following to be the key decisions and considerations it has made during the year to 31 March 2025:

Board decision	Consideration
The Board considered and agreed the long-term treasury strategy for the sole customer, Amplius.	The need to put in place long-term business plans. This impacts all stakeholders, as a robust strategy is the foundation for maintaining the trust of external stakeholders.
The Board reviews the security position of Amplius and cashflows at each meeting.	The Board has ensured that sufficient liquidity and security has been maintained throughout the year. Oversight is delegated to the Finance and Treasury Committee.
Review of the Amplius business plan and cash flow forecasts.	The Board have monitored the operating surplus and cash flow forecasts of Amplius and performance against the business plan and covenants. Oversight is delegated to the Finance and Treasury Committee.
Engaging with investors.	Meetings are held with investors on an on-going basis, the last investor meetings took place in November 2024. Regulatory News Service updates are published when required.

The Strategic Report was approved by the Directors on 22 August 2025 and signed on their behalf by

Rob Griffiths Director

24 September 2025



### **Directors' Report**

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### Results

The total comprehensive income for the year after taxation was nil (2024: nil).

#### **Dividends**

There were no dividends paid or proposed in the year (2024: nil).

### The Board and its Directors

The Board of Directors and the Directors of the Company are set out on page 2. None of the Directors had interests in the share capital of the Company at 31 March 2025.

The Company is led by the Board. The appointment of the Directors is made pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association adopted on 7 March 2018.

Each Director is of equal standing. Owing to the size and nature of the Company, there is no appointed Chief Executive.

The Board all have considerable experience within the social housing sector, and Amplius and the Company arrange any separate formal induction and training for new Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc Directors. This arrangement is reviewed on an ongoing basis to consider its appropriateness when new Directors are appointed.

The Directors have the benefit of Amplius' Directors' and officers' indemnity insurance policy.

The Board acknowledges that it is collectively responsible for the success of the Company by providing leadership, setting the Company's strategic aims, ensuring that the necessary financial and human resources are in place and reviewing management performance.

### Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going-conern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.



The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

In order to discharge these responsibilities, the Board of Directors meet as required during the year. At these meetings consideration is given to the activities of the Company. Key members of the Amplius' management team also attend the Board meetings, as appropriate. The table details the number of meetings attended by each Director, of which there were 2 during the year.

Director	Date appointed	Attendance
Clive Barnett	7 March 2018	1
Angie Morris	1 September 2018	1
Chris Tyson	1 January 2021	1
Damien Régent	6 October 2022	1
Rob Griffiths	7 March 2018	2
Tony Oakley	1 October 2023	2
Brendan Whitworth	12 February 2025	1
Mona Shah	12 February 2025	1

Amplius has a People & Governance Committee that provides oversight on the appointment and remuneration of Directors and senior executives for the group including Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc. The Company does not have a separate and dedicated People & Governance Committee as the size and nature of the Company does not warrant a dedicated committee.

The Amplius Board undertakes a formal annual evaluation of its performance. Directors are requested to comment on the operation and effectiveness of any committees, and subsidiary boards (including Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc) of which they are members. The Directors ensure that the Board is structured in such a way that each member of the Board is able to bring different experiences and skills to the operation of the Company and encourages and supports each Director to regularly update and refresh his/her skills and knowledge. The People & Governance Committee review this.

### **Corporate Governance Statement**

Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc has a listed security in issue and complies with the applicable sections of the Disclosure and Transparency Rule ('DTR') 7.1 and DTR 7.2, of the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") handbook.

The Company does not have a Premium Listing and is not required to comply with the UK Corporate Governance Code (the "Code"). The Company's corporate governance arrangements are reported by reference to relevant good practice including the National Housing Federation ("NHF") Code of Governance - Promoting board excellence for housing associations (2020 edition) (the "NHF Code"), which has been adopted and complied with by Amplius. In fulfilling its obligations under the NHF Code, the Company follows good practice drawn from supporting guidance. A number of the provisions of the NHF Code mirror the equivalent provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code. The NHF Code is available on the NHF website: www.housing.org.uk.



Parental control is exercised by Amplius through powers contained in the rules or (as the case may be) articles of association of each of its subsidiaries and in intra-group agreements ("IGAs") which together enable Amplius to appoint all or a majority of board members or to remove all or any board members and to approve business, funding, operational and other financial plans of Amplius and its subsidiaries. The IGAs also provide for dispute resolution between the parties, however none of the group members can leave the group without the consent of Amplius and notifying the Regulator.

Companies within the group do not have external shareholders. All companies in the group (including the Company) comply with equivalent provisions in the NHF Code which relate to communications with stakeholders. The remuneration arrangements for housing associations differ from those of listed public companies (for example, the absence of share based incentives). However, Amplius complies with the provisions of the NHF Code on board and executive pay.

The Group's approach to diversity and inclusion is governed by its Diversity Policy and is included in the Amplius' Annual Report on page 102, and forms an integral part of our commitment to inclusive governance.

### **Internal Control and Risk Management Systems**

The Board is responsible for the Company's system of risk management and internal control framework and for reviewing their effectiveness. The system of risk management and internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group Audit and Risk Committee provides oversight of the Group's system of risk management and internal control on behalf of the Amplius Board and Amplius subsidiary boards and regularly reviews their effectiveness. The Group's arrangements in respect of the system of risk management and internal control cover Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc.

The Company does not have a separate Audit and Risk Committee as the size and complexity of the Company's operations does not warrant a separate committee. For the same reason, the Company does not have dedicated internal auditors, but is supported and advised by the internal audit function for the Group. The internal audit function is outsourced, during the year the provider was KPMG LLP.

#### **Key Strategic Risks**

The key risks for the Company relate to its inability to meet its obligations to bondholders and the inability of the Amplius subsidiaries to meet their obligations to the Company Agreement.

These risks are highlighted in the Strategic Report and details of how they are managed are set out in note 12.

The Audit and Risk Committee and Finance and Treasury Committee as part of their oversight of the Group's funding and financing risks keep the risks under review.

### **Internal Controls Assurance Statement**

The Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc Board acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Company has in place a system of internal control that is appropriate to the business environment in which it operates. This is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc with reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The processes in place for identifying, evaluating, and managing the significant risks faced by the Company are on-going and have been in place for the full year under review and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.



The Group's arrangements in respect of the system of risk management and internal control cover the entire Group, including Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc. Key elements of the Group's system of risk management and internal control throughout the period included:

- approved terms of reference and delegated authorities for the Group Audit and Risk, People, Remuneration and Nominations Committee, Development and Asset Investment Committee, Keystone Board, Finance and Treasury Committee and Libra Boards;
- a review of regulatory compliance arrangements at least twice a year to the Amplius Board;
- clearly defined management responsibilities for the identification, evaluation and control of significant risks;
- robust strategic and business planning processes, with detailed financial budgets and forecasts;
- formal recruitment, retention, training and development policies for all staff;
- an annual review of compliance with the NHF Code;
- established authorisation and appraisal procedures for significant new initiatives and commitments;
- a detailed Group approach to treasury management;
- regular reporting to the appropriate committee and/or Board on key business objectives, targets and outcomes;
- regular monitoring of loan covenants and requirements for loan facilities; and
- policies and arrangements to reduce the risk of fraud, bribery and money laundering.

The Board has delegated to the Audit and Risk Committee the regular review of the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control (which includes Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc), whilst maintaining ultimate responsibility for the system of internal control. The Committee carries out the functions required by DTR 7.1.3 R. on behalf of the Board.

The Committee monitors the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls, (including financial, operational and compliance controls), internal audit and risk management in accordance with the requirements of DTR 7.1.3. R. The Committee considers financial and operational reports from management and reports from internal audit, to consider whether significant risks are identified, evaluated, managed and controlled and whether any significant weaknesses are promptly remedied or indicate a need for more extensive monitoring.

The Committee also monitors the financial reporting process and the statutory audit of the Group's annual accounts. The Committee also reviews and monitors the independence of the statutory auditor and considers the relationship with Amplius and its subsidiaries as part of its assessment.

The Committee reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control in existence across the Group (including Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2plc) for the period under review and up to the date of approval of the financial statements, having regard to the annual review of the effectiveness of the Group system of internal control by the Amplius Executive Leadership Team and the annual report of the internal auditor, and reported to the Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc Board that it found no significant weaknesses in the system of internal control.

### **Going Concern**

The support available to the Company from Amplius gives reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, in addition, the Company and Amplius have a Moody's credit rating of A3 (stable outlook).



The Group has in place long-term debt facilities which provide adequate resources to finance committed reinvestment and development programmes across Amplius. Amplius has a long-term business plan which shows that it is able to service these debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lenders' covenants. With the Company continuing to be an integral part of Amplius' funding structure and treasury strategy, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that these will funded by Amplius over the going concern period. In making this going concern assessment the Board has also taken into account the potential mitigations available to manage any potential negative impact on its cashflows and liquidity position.

Having undertaken a detailed review of future plans, liquidity levels, stress testing and risk mitigations, the Board has concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company will continue to be funded by Amplius and continue in operational existence for the next 12 months.

Accordingly, the Directors consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements and have identified no material uncertainties to the Company's ability to do so over a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements

### Statement of disclosure to auditors

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

As far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. The Directors have taken all steps they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

### Strategic report

In accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 Regulations 2013, the Company has chosen to set out in the Company's strategic report information required by schedule 7 of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. This includes information that would have been included in the business review and the principal risks and uncertainties.

The Directors' Report was approved by the Directors on 22 August 2025 and signed on their behalf by:

Rob Griffiths Director

24 September 2025



### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion. Our audit opinion is consistent with our report to the Audit and Risk Committee.

We were appointed as auditor by the directors on 12 December 2023. The period of total uninterrupted engagement is for two financial years for the year ended 31 March 2025. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and we remain independent of the Company in accordance with UK ethical requirements, including the FRC's Ethical Standard as applied to listed public interest entities. No non-audit services prohibited by that standard were provided.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our evaluation of the directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- assessing the recoverability of the long-term debtors balance.
- reviewing the assumptions used in the Group's budget for the financial year 2025/26.
- reviewing the Group's long term business plan and assessing the reasonableness of the assumptions used within it, along with reviewing the results of the various stress testing scenarios on loan covenants, and the reasonableness of mitigating actions identified by client.
- considering the facilities and loans in place against capital commitments and expected loan repayment dates.
- reviewing the disclosures around going concern within the financial statements.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) we identified, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team. We summarise below the key audit matter in arriving at our audit opinion above, together with our key audit procedures to address this matter and, as required for public interest entities, our results from those procedures. This matter was addressed, and our results are based on procedures undertaken, in the context of, and solely for the purpose of, our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and consequently are incidental to that opinion, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

### **Recoverability of Long-Term Debtors**

Long Term Debtors (amounts falling due in more than one year) £372.605M. Refer to Note 1 (accounting policy) and Note 8 (financial disclosures).

### The risk - low risk high value

The Company's primary activity is to issue bonds and on-lend to other Group entities. It therefore has long term liabilities which relate to the bonds issued and long-term intercompany debtors which relate to the loans provided to Group Members.

The carrying amount of the long-term intercompany debtor balance represents 99% of the Company's total assets. Its recoverability is not at a high risk of significant misstatement or subject to significant judgement. However, due to their materiality in the context of the Company financial statements, this is considered to be the area that had the greatest effect on our overall Company audit. Whilst there are small amounts of financial income and financial expense during the loan period, the risk mainly stems from the expectation of the ability of the fellow Group Members to repay the bond at maturity.

### Our response

Our procedures included:

- Assessment of recoverability: Assessing 100% of intercompany long-term debtors by considering the financial viability of the Group, in particular whether the Group has sufficient liquidity to meet interest payments as they fall due, and sufficient longer term cash flows to repay the debt. We have reviewed the Group's internal assessment of going concern, and management information relating to actual and forecast financial performance after the year end. We have reviewed the Group's long term financial plans, and the stress testing of those plans. We have considered the potential impact of these matters on the Group's financial viability into the foreseeable future, and on its status as a going concern.
- **Test of detail**: Assessing the creditor recognised by the fellow Group Members and comparing it to the debtor recognised by the Company.
- **Test of detail**: Assessing the balance on-loaned to the fellow Group Members with reference to the bond issue funds.
- Confirmation of value: Agreeing the bond value to the bond issue documentation.

### Our results

Based on the audit work performed, we are satisfied that there are no matters which cause material uncertainty in the ability of the Group to repay its debt to the Company, and we are satisfied with the assessment of the Company's directors that the Company is a going concern.

### Our Application of Materiality and an Overview of the Scope of the Audit

The materiality for the audit of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 was £1.89M determined with reference to a benchmark of 0.5% of gross assets (2024: £1.90M with reference to a benchmark of 0.5% of gross assets). We consider gross assets to be the most appropriate benchmark to use. Gross assets represent



the carrying value of the bond, which reflects the Company's primary purpose as a treasury vehicle for the Group.

Performance materiality was set at £1.42M, or 75% of the materiality figure, based on our understanding of the Company and our expectations in relation to misstatements (2024: £948K or 50% of the materiality figure). We agreed to report to the Audit and Risk Committee any corrected or uncorrected identified misstatements exceeding 5% of materiality (2024: 5% of materiality), in addition to other identified misstatements that warranted reporting on qualitative grounds.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities set out on pages 6-7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of laws and regulations that affect the Company, focusing on those
  that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on its operations.
  Key laws and regulations that we identified included the Companies Act 2006.
- We enquired of the directors and reviewed correspondence and Board meeting minutes for evidence
  of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations. We also reviewed the controls the directors
  have in place, where necessary, to ensure compliance.
- We gained an understanding of the controls that the directors have in place to prevent and detect fraud. We enquired of the directors about any incidences of fraud that had taken place during the accounting period.
- The risk of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations was discussed within the audit team and tests were planned and performed to address these risks.
- We reviewed financial statements disclosures and supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations discussed above.
- We enquired of the directors about actual and potential litigation and claims.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that might indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud due to management override of internal controls we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative of a potential bias.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.



### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's member, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's member as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Beever and Struttus

Sue Hutchinson FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Beever and Struthers Statutory Auditor One Express 1 George Leigh Street Manchester M4 5DL

Date: 25 September 2025



### **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

Registered Company no: 11240880

		2025	2024
	Note	£'000	£'000
Revenue	2	10,355	10,291
Operating expenditure	3	(10,355)	(10,291)
Operating profit	4	-	-
Administrative expenditure	5	<u>-</u>	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year		-	-
Tax on Profit on ordinary activities	7	<u> </u>	
Profit after tax and total comprehensive income for the year:			

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 19 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



### **Statement of Financial Position**

Registered Company no: 11240880

	Note	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Non-current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	372,605	373,686
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	5,350	5,331
Cash and Cash equivalents		50	50
		5,400	5,381
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(5,350)	(5,331)
Net current assets		50	50
Total assets less current liabilities		372,655	373,736
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(372,605)	(373,686)
Net assets		50	50
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	50	50
Revenue reserve			
		50	50

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 August 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rob Griffiths

Director 24 September 2025

The notes on pages 19 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



### **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Registered Company no: 11240880

	Share capital	Revenue reserve	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 31 March 2023	50	-	50
Profit for the year	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2024	50	-	50
Profit for the year	-	-	_
Balance at 31 March 2025	50	-	50

The notes on pages 19 to 26 form part of these financial statements.



### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### **LEGAL STATUS**

Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc is incorporated in England and Wales and is registered with Companies House under number 11240880. The registered office is K2 Timbold Drive, Kents Hill, Milton Keynes, MK7 6BZ.

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historic cost convention, in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and in compliance with FRS 102 and are presented in sterling (£) to the nearest thousand.

### **Disclosure Exemptions**

The Company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102 and, as such, the Company has adopted the following disclosure exemptions:

- preparation of a cash flow statement.
- disclosure of related party transactions with and between wholly owned subsidiaries
- disclosures relating to financial instruments, income, expenses, gains and losses, exposure to and management financial risks.

### **Going Concern**

The Company has in place long-term debt facilities which provide adequate resources to finance committed reinvestment and development programmes across Amplius. The interest rate mechanism ensures that all interest costs are met as they fall due. Amplius has a long-term business plan which shows that it is able to service these debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lenders' covenants. In making this assessment the Board has also taken into account the potential mitigations available to manage any potential negative impact on its cashflows and liquidity position. Having undertaken a detailed review of future plans, liquidity levels, stress testing and risk mitigations, along with the continuing support of Amplius, the Board has concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company will continue to be funded by Amplius and continue in operational existence for the next 12 months and beyond.

Accordingly, the Directors consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements and have identified no material uncertainties to the Company's ability to do so over a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

#### Revenue

Revenue represents interest receivable on facilities lent to members of Amplius, fees relating to the cost of raising finance and bond issue costs. All revenue arose on activities undertaken in the UK.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at transaction price initially, plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

At the end of each reporting period, financial instruments are measured as follows, without any deduction for transaction costs the entity may incur on sale or other disposal:

- Debt instruments that meet the conditions in paragraph 11.8(b) of FRS 102 are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except where the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. In this case the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt.
- Commitments to receive or make a loan to another entity which meet the conditions in para 11.8(c) of FRS 102 are measured at cost less impairment.



### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments held by the Company are classified as follows:

- Financial assets such as cash, current asset investments and receivables are classified as basic financial instruments and held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
- Financial liabilities such as bonds are held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
- Loans to or from group companies, including those that are due on demand, are held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.
- Commitments to receive or make a loan to another entity which meet the conditions above are held at cost less impairment..

### **Impairment of Financial Assets**

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and this loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably measured.

Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the financial asset is either reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account, the amount of the loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If, in a subsequent period the amount of the impairment loss decreases due to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the amount can be reversed in the profit and loss account.

### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

In accordance with FRS 102, deferred tax is provided where a taxation liability will arise as a result of transactions or events which have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded that they will be recovered. Provision is made at rates expected to be applicable when the liabilities or assets are likely to crystallise.

#### **Segmental Information**

The Company has one class of business from which it derives its income, being to provide funding to other group asset-owning subsidiaries and parent. All interest income, expenditure and net assets are derived from UK operations.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty In preparing these financial statements, judgements have been made in respect of the following:

#### Calculation of the fair value of bonds

Bonds are stated in the statement of financial position at amortised cost. Management use a third-party valuation to minimise the risk of uncertainty in valuation.



### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Going concern

Going concern is assessed at both group and Company level. Sufficient, appropriate information is provided to Board to enable them to consider the ability of each entity to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. Judgement is exercised in assessing the existence of any material uncertainties, of which none were identified.

2.	REVENUE	2025	2024
		£'000	£'000
	Interest receivable and other fees	10,355	10,291
3.	OPERATING EXPENDITURE	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
		2 000	2 000
	Interest payable and other fees	10,355	10,291

#### 4. OPERATING PROFIT

Auditor's remuneration is paid by Amplius at no charge to the Company.

### 5. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS AND COSTS

The Company had no employees during the period. Administration services were provided by Amplius at no charge to the Company.

### 6. DIRECTOR'S EMOLUMENTS

The Directors did not receive emoluments for their duties as Directors of the Company.

7.	TAXATION	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
	UK corporation tax		
	Current tax on profit for the year	-	-
	Adjustment in respect of previous periods	-	-
		-	
	Deferred tax	-	-
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	_	-

The tax assessed for the year differs to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applied to profit before tax. The differences are explained below:

	2025	2024
	£'000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities at the small profits rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2024: 19%)	-	-
Tax losses (utilised)/carried forward but not recognised as a deferred tax asset	-	-
Movement on deferred tax and other fixed assets and short term timing differences	-	-
Total tax charge for period		

The aggregate current and deferred tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive income is a charge of nil (2024: nil).



8.         DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         2025 £000         2026           Loans to group undertakings (note 12)         372,605         373,686           9.         DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Amounts owed by group undertakings         5,350         5,331           10.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond discount         (80)         (78)           Bond issue costs         (114)         (115)           Other creditors         4,273         4,281           5,350         5,331           11.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable Bond discount ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable Bond issue costs         350,000         350,000         350,000         350,000           Bond issue costs         (1,964)         (2,078)         372,605         373,686           Repayment of bond falling due as follows:         £'000         £'000         £'000           Within one year Between one and two years         1,191         1,165           Between two and five years         3,819         3,72,605<		(331)	,	
Loans to group undertakings (note 12)   372,605   373,686			2025	2024
9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR £'000 £'000  Amounts owed by group undertakings 5,350 5,331  10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR £'000 £'000  Bond discount (80) (78) Bond premium 1,271 1,243 Bond issue costs (1114) (1115) Other creditors 4,273 4,281  5,350 5,331  11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR  Bond repayable 350,000 £'000  Bond discount (1,885) (1,965) Bond premium 26,454 27,729 Bond issue costs (1,964) (2,078) Bond issue costs (1,964) (2,078)  Repayment of bond falling due as follows: £'000 £'000  Within one year 1,191 1,165 Between one and two years 1,218 1,191 Between two and five years 3,819 3,720 After five years 36,532 370,853 375,600 376,929 Loan issue costs (2,078) (2,192)	8.		£'000	£'000
9.         DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Amounts owed by group undertakings         5,350         5,331           10.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond discount         (80)         (78)           Bond premium         1,271         1,243           Bond issue costs         (114)         (115)           Other creditors         4,273         4,281           5,350         5,331           11.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable         350,000         350,000         80,000           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond issue costs         (1,964)         (2,078)           372,605         373,686           Within one year         1,191         1,165           Between one and two years         1,218         1,191           Between two and five years         3,819         3,72,605           After five years         389,532         370,853           4,273         4,281         4,273 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Loans to group undertakings (note 12)</th><th>372,605</th><th>373,686</th></td<>		Loans to group undertakings (note 12)	372,605	373,686
9.         DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Amounts owed by group undertakings         5,350         5,331           10.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond discount         (80)         (78)           Bond premium         1,271         1,243           Bond issue costs         (114)         (115)           Other creditors         4,273         4,281           5,350         5,331           11.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable         350,000         350,000         80,000           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond issue costs         (1,964)         (2,078)           372,605         373,686           Within one year         1,191         1,165           Between one and two years         1,218         1,191           Between two and five years         3,819         3,72,605           After five years         389,532         370,853           4,273         4,281         4,273 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>				
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR £'000 £'000  Bond discount (80) (78) Bond premium 1,271 1,243 Bond issue costs (114) (115) Other creditors 4,273 4,281 5,350 5,331  11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR  Bond repayable 350,000 350,000 Bond discount (1,885) (1,965) Bond premium 26,454 27,729 Bond issue costs (1,964) (2,078)  Repayment of bond falling due as follows: £'000 £'000  Within one year 1,191 1,165 Between one and two years 1,218 1,191 Between two and five years 369,532 370,853 After five years 375,760 376,929 Loan issue costs (2,192)	9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR £'000 £'000  Bond discount (80) (78) Bond premium 1,271 1,243 Bond issue costs (114) (115) Other creditors 4,273 4,281 5,350 5,331  11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR  Bond repayable 350,000 350,000 Bond discount (1,885) (1,965) Bond premium 26,454 27,729 Bond issue costs (1,964) (2,078)  Repayment of bond falling due as follows: £'000 £'000  Within one year 1,191 1,165 Between one and two years 1,218 1,191 Between two and five years 369,532 370,853 After five years 375,760 376,929 Loan issue costs (2,192)				
10.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'0000         £'0000           Bond discount         (80)         (78)           Bond premium         1,271         1,243           Bond issue costs         (114)         (115)           Other creditors         4,273         4,281           5,350         5,331           11.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable         350,000         350,000         350,000           Bond discount         (1,885)         (1,965)           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond issue costs         (1,964)         (2,078)           Repayment of bond falling due as follows:         £'000         £'000           Within one year         1,191         1,165           Between one and two years         1,218         1,191           Between two and five years         3,819         3,720           After five years         369,532         370,853           Total properties         (2,078)         (2,192)		Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,350	5,331
10.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR         £'0000         £'0000           Bond discount         (80)         (78)           Bond premium         1,271         1,243           Bond issue costs         (114)         (115)           Other creditors         4,273         4,281           5,350         5,331           11.         CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR         £'000         £'000           Bond repayable         350,000         350,000         350,000           Bond discount         (1,885)         (1,965)           Bond premium         26,454         27,729           Bond issue costs         (1,964)         (2,078)           Repayment of bond falling due as follows:         £'000         £'000           Within one year         1,191         1,165           Between one and two years         1,218         1,191           Between two and five years         3,819         3,720           After five years         369,532         370,853           Total properties         (2,078)         (2,192)				2024
Bond discount       (80)       (78)         Bond premium       1,271       1,243         Bond issue costs       (114)       (115)         Other creditors       4,273       4,281         5,350       5,331         11.       CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE THAN ONE YEAR       £'000       £'000         Bond repayable       350,000       350,000       350,000         Bond discount       (1,885)       (1,965)         Bond premium       26,454       27,729         Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         After five years       369,532       375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)	10	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
Bond premium   1,271   1,243     Bond issue costs   (114)   (115)     Other creditors   4,273   4,281     5,350   5,331     CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR     Bond repayable   350,000   350,000     Bond discount   (1,885)   (1,965)     Bond premium   26,454   27,729     Bond issue costs   (1,964)   (2,078)     The state of the			2 000	2 000
Bond issue costs			` '	(78)
Other creditors       4,273 (5,350)       4,281 (5,350)       5,331         11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR       £'000       £'000       £'000         Bond repayable Bond discount Bond premium Bond premium Bond premium Bond issue costs       (1,885) (1,965) (1,965) (2,078) (2,07		·	1,271	1,243
11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR  Bond repayable 350,000 350,000 Bond discount (1,885) (1,965) Bond premium 26,454 27,729 Bond issue costs (1,964) (2,078) 372,605 373,686  Repayment of bond falling due as follows: £'000 £'000 £'000 Within one year 1,191 1,165 Between one and two years 1,218 1,191 Between two and five years 369,532 370,853 After five years 369,532 370,853 375,760 376,929 Loan issue costs (2,078) (2,192)			, ,	` ,
11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN		Other creditors		
Til.       CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR       £'000       £'000         Bond repayable Bond discount Bond discount Bond premium Bond premium Bond issue costs       (1,885) (1,965) (1,965) (2,078)         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       2025 (2024) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078)         Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years (369,532) (370,853) (370,853) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078)         After five years (2004) (2		<u>-</u>	5,350	5,331
Til.       CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR       £'000       £'000         Bond repayable Bond discount Bond discount Bond premium Bond premium Bond issue costs       (1,885) (1,965) (1,965) (2,078)         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       2025 (2024) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078)         Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years (369,532) (370,853) (370,853) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078) (2,078)         After five years (2004) (2				
Section       £ 000         Bond repayable       350,000       350,000         Bond discount       (1,885)       (1,965)         Bond premium       26,454       27,729         Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         Transport (1,964)       (2,078)         Transport (1,964)       £ 000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)			2025	2024
Bond discount       (1,885)       (1,965)         Bond premium       26,454       27,729         Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         372,605       373,686         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         After five years       375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)	11.		£'000	£'000
Bond discount       (1,885)       (1,965)         Bond premium       26,454       27,729         Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         372,605       373,686         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         After five years       375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Bond repayable	350.000	350,000
Bond premium       26,454       27,729         Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         372,605       373,686         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Bond discount	·	
Bond issue costs       (1,964)       (2,078)         372,605       373,686         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Bond premium	• • •	, ,
372,605       373,686         Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       2025       2024         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Bond issue costs	•	
Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)			372,605	373,686
Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		•		
Repayment of bond falling due as follows:       £'000       £'000         Within one year       1,191       1,165         Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)			2025	2024
Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Repayment of bond falling due as follows:	£'000	£'000
Between one and two years       1,218       1,191         Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)		Within one year	1.191	1.165
Between two and five years       3,819       3,720         After five years       369,532       370,853         375,760       376,929         Loan issue costs       (2,078)       (2,192)				
After five years 369,532 370,853 376,929 Loan issue costs (2,078) (2,192)		Between two and five years		
Loan issue costs       375,760 (2,078)       376,929 (2,192)		After five years		
Loan issue costs (2,078) (2,192)		•	375,760	
		Loan issue costs		
			373,682	

### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Risk Management

The treasury function is responsible for ensuring that member companies have sufficient cash to meet on-going capital and revenue commitments and to protect Amplius against adverse movements in interest rates.

The risks faced by this Company are discussed in the Strategic Report.



### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities at Book Value and Fair Value

With the exception of the bond stock, the book value of all financial assets and financial liabilities is deemed to equal fair value. At 31 March 2025 the fair value of the £350m bond stock was £241.9m (2024: £262.1m).

The fair value of the bond stock is based on market value at 31 March 2025. The terms of the 2043 bond are fixed and it is intended that the 2043 bond will be in place until maturity.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company is not currently exposed to any fluctuations in interest rate due to the only funding being the fixed rate bond.

#### Credit Risk

The Company is dependent on receipt of funds from Amplius, as the borrower, in order to meet its contractual obligations under the bond agreements. The credit risk is that each borrower fails to reimburse the Company. The Directors consider the credit risk to be very low as Amplius is a business with a strong asset base that consistently generates a surplus and is supported by a regulator that has strong oversight and monitors financial viability of the business. Amplius also have a Moody's credit rating as detailed within the Strategic Report.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company might be unable to meet its obligations. Amplius' treasury policy defines the minimum liquidity requirements of Amplius which is monitored and reported to the Finance & Treasury Committee, Amplius Board and senior management to ensure compliance. The interest receivable mechanism is in place to ensure that the liquidity risk within the Company is minimised. Amplius has a long-term business plan which shows that it is able to service these debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lenders' covenants, thus the Directors have a reasonable expectation that these will continue to be funded by Amplius over the going concern period.

The Company's financial instruments may be analysed as follows:

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Financial assets		
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	50	50
Amounts owed by group undertakings (due within 1 year)	5,350	5,331
Loans receivable (due after 1 year)	372,605	373,686
Total financial assets	378,005	379,067



### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,350	5,331
Loans payable (due after 1 year)	372,605	373,686
Total financial liabilities	377,955	379,017

### Financial liabilities for the year ended 31 March 2025

Bond Stock	Effective Interest Rate %	Total Carrying Amount £'000	Within 1 Year £'000	1-2 Years £'000	2-3 Years £'000	3-4 Years £'000	4-5 Years £'000	Over 5 Years £'000
Fixed rate	3.347%	147,144	(129)	(132)	(135)	(138)	(141)	147,819
Fixed Rate	2.334%	112,873	572	586	601	615	631	109,868
Fixed Rate	2.183%	28,737	175	179	183	187	192	27,821
Fixed Rate	2.230%	28,553	165	169	173	177	182	27,687
Fixed Rate	2.323%	56,375	294	302	309	317	324	54,829
<b>Total Bond Stock</b>		373,682	1,077	1,104	1,131	1,158	1,188	368,024

The above financial liabilities tables include bond discount/premium and loan issue costs.

The effective interest rate in relation to amounts owed by group undertakings are equal to those detailed within financial liabilities table. The coupon rate for the bond is 3.25%, maturing in 2043. Loan issue costs are included within the financial assets table above.

All borrowings undertaken by Libra (Longhurst Group) Treasury No 2 plc as loans manager are secured against assets held within Amplius

The interest in relation to financial liabilities, not included in the table is estimated to be:

Contracted Cash Flows	Total Interest		
	2025 £'000	2024 £'000	
Within 1 Year	11,375	11,367	
Between 1-2 Years	11,375	11,375	
Between 2-3 Years	11,383	11,375	
Between 3-4 Years	11,367	11,383	
Between 4-5 Years	11,375	11,367	
Over 5 Years	149,289	160,664	
	206,164	217,531	



### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities for the year ended 31 March 2024

Bond Stock	Effective Interest Rate %	Total Carrying Amount £'000	Within 1 Year £'000	1-2 Years £'000	2-3 Years £'000	3-4 Years £'000	4-5 Years £'000	Over 5 Years £'000
Fixed rate	3.347%	147,017	(127)	(130)	(132)	(135)	(138)	147,679
Fixed Rate	2.334%	113,436	558	572	586	601	616	110,503
Fixed Rate	2.183%	28,909	171	175	179	183	171	28,030
Fixed Rate	2.230%	28,714	162	165	169	173	177	27,868
Fixed Rate	2.323%	56,661	287	294	301	309	316	55,154
Total Bond Stock	-	374,737	1,051	1,076	1,103	1,131	1,142	369,234

The above financial liabilities tables include bond discount/premium and loan issue costs.

Loan Maturity Dates	Drawn	Undrawn	Final Repayment
	£'000	£'000	Date
Bond	350,000	-	15 May 2043

### **Capital Management**

The Company manages capital balances such as share capital and reserves.

### 13. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
50,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
50,000 ordinary shares fully paid at £1.00 each	50	50



### 14. RELATED PARTIES

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amplius, a Community Benefit Society, registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and a Registered Provider of Social Housing.

The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102 from disclosing related party transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated accounts are publicly available.

### 15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amplius, a Community Benefit Society registered in England and Wales. Amplius presents group financial statements which are available from K2 Timbold Drive, Kents Hill, Milton Keynes, MK7 6BZ.